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Calculator Exam - 2020 - Version B - 10:30am Exam

- 1. $f(x) = \frac{3}{4}x^3 \frac{3}{2}x + 2$. Give f(3.14).
- 2. The graphs of $f(x) = x^2 2x 3$ and $g(x) = x + \frac{1}{f(x)}$ have 4 points of intersection. Give the sum of the y coordinates of these points.
- 3. Give the distance from the point (-3,2) to the line y = -2x + 7.
- 4. Solve the system $\begin{cases} 31x 23y = -12 \\ 43x + 29y = 17 \end{cases}$, and give the value of x.
- 5. The function $f(x) = x^3 + 13x 27$ is invertible. Give $f^{-1}(33.21)$.
- 6. Give the smallest integer value of the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{6}x^4 9x^3 23x + 6$.
- 7. Let

$$f(x) = \frac{3x - 1}{x + 4}.$$

Give the 23rd value in the sequence f(0), f(f(0)), f(f(f(0))), ...

8. Give the average of the numbers

$$1, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{6}{7}, \frac{8}{9}, \dots, \frac{100}{101}.$$

9. Give the number of positive solutions to

$$\frac{x}{12} + \cos(4x) = 1.$$

- 10. Give the sum of the reciprocals of the positive integer values that are smaller than 62,913, and are integer multiples of 5, 9, 11 or 17.
- 11. Let $p_0 = 3,427$, and define

$$p_{n+1} = \frac{p_n}{2} + \frac{11}{2p_n}$$

for n = 0,1,2,3. Give p_3 .

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- 12. Give the slope of the line of best least squares fit for the data (-1,14), (1,-2) and (5,-33).
- 13. A triangle is formed by joining the vertices of the parabolas $y = x^2 3x + 7$, $y = -2x^2 13x + 12$ and $y = 4 + 15x 3x^2$. Give the area of the triangle.
- 14. A point (x, y) is called an integer point if both x and y are integers. Give the number of integer points with positive prime x coordinates that lie strictly above the graph of $y = \frac{1}{2}x^2$, and strictly below the graph of y = 54.
- 15. Give the y-intercept of the line that passes through the point (-3.1,2.2) and is perpendicular to the line that passes through the points (2.3,7.1) and (-4.3,13.8).
- 16. Give the obtuse angle of intersection (in radians) of the lines 3x 11y = 13 and -13x + 2y = 7.
- 17. Give the area of the intersection of the circular disk of radius 4 centered at (1,1) with the rectangle with diagonal vertices (-5,2) and (6,0).
- 18. A number is written in base 3 as 1200220021. Give this number in base 10.
- 19. The function $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ has a graph that passes through the points (1.3,3.1), (2.4,7.2) and (5.2, -2.8). Give the maximum value of this function.
- 20. Give the sum of the positive integers less than 2020 that give a remainder of 2 when divided by 5.

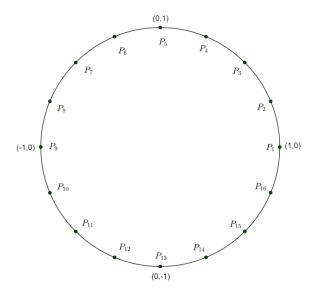
$$21.1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6} + \dots + \frac{1}{999} =$$

22. Determine the number of roots of the function

$$f(x) = 13\cos(15(x+5)) + \frac{x^2}{27} - \frac{x}{15}$$

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- 23. A particle moves in the direction of increasing x values, along the line y = 63 3x, starting from the point associated with x = -14, until it comes to a point on the line whose x coordinate is the first prime number. Then it changes direction and moves on a line of slope 1, until it reaches a point where the x coordinate is the next prime number. It then changed direction and moves on a line of slope -1 until it comes to a point where the x coordinate is the next prime number. It then changes direction and moves on a line of slope 1 until it comes to a point where the x coordinate is the next prime number. It then changes direction and moves on a line of slope -1 until it comes to a point where the x coordinate is the next prime number. This pattern continues until the x coordinate is 2020, and the particle stops. What is the total distance traveled by the particle?
- 24. Let C_1 be the circle of radius 1 centered at the origin, and let C_2 be the circle of radius 2 centered at the origin. 16 equally spaced points are placed on C_1 , with the first point $P_1 = (1,0)$, and the other 15 points $P_2, ..., P_{16}$ ordered in such a way that they are placed in a counter clockwise fashion around the circle. The image below captures this information.



A similar process is used to create the points $Q_1, ..., Q_{16}$ on the circle C_2 , starting with $Q_1 = (2,0)$. Give the sum of the absolute values of the x coordinates of these 32 points.

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- 25. Refer to the points created in the previous problem. Create the 16 line segments $\overline{Q_1P_2}$, $\overline{Q_2P_4}$, $\overline{Q_3P_6}$,..., $\overline{Q_8P_{16}}$, $\overline{Q_9P_2}$, $\overline{Q_{10}P_4}$,..., $\overline{Q_{16}P_{16}}$. Give the sum of the lengths of these line segments.
- 26. **Tie Breaker:** Give the average of the correct answers to problems 1-25. The closest answer to the actual answer breaks the tie.