Precalculus Exam - University of Houston Math Contest 2024

- 1. Given: $P(3x-2) = 3x^2 5x + 7$ find P(7).
 - (a) 21
 - (b) 25
 - (c) 27
 - (d) 23
 - (e) 19
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 2. If $\cos(40^\circ) = b$, what is $\sin(50^\circ)$ in terms of b?
 - (a) 1/b
 - (b) $b\sqrt{2}$
 - (c) b
 - (d) 90 b
 - (e) -b
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 3. If tan(y) = k, what is sin(y) in terms of k?
 - (a) $1/\sqrt{k^2+1}$
 - (b) $k/\sqrt{k^2-1}$
 - (c) $1/\sqrt{1-k^2}$
 - (d) $k/\sqrt{k^2+1}$
 - (e) 2k
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided

4. Which of the following is equivalent to the expression

$$\cos(x) + \cos(90^{\circ} - x) + \sin(x) + \sin(90^{\circ} - x)$$

for any angle x?

- (a) 0
- (b) $2\sin(x)$
- (c) $2(\sin(x) + \cos(x))$
- (d) $2\cos(x)$
- (e) 1
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 5. If the graph of $f(x) = (m+3)x^4 + 2x^{n+6} 1$ is a line then what is the value of m+n?
 - (a) -3
 - (b) -8
 - (c) 0
 - (d) 3
 - (e) 2
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 6. What is the positive value of

$$x + \frac{1}{x}$$

given that

$$(x + \frac{1}{x})^2 - x - \frac{1}{x} = 6?$$

- (a) 4
- (b) 6
- (c) 1
- (d) 8
- (e) none of the other answer choices provided
- (f) 3

- 7. If $f(x) = \sin(x)$ and $g(x) = \cos(x)$ what is $(f \circ g)(\pi/2) + (g \circ f)(\pi)$?
 - (a) 0
 - (b) -1
 - (c) 3
 - (d) 1
 - (e) 2
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 8. If y = 6x 1 and y = bx + 3 are the equations of perpendicular lines, then what is the value of b?
 - (a) -6
 - (b) 1/6
 - (c) -1/6
 - (d) 6
 - (e) 8
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 9. Find the value of the expression

$$\cos(\tan^{-1}(-\frac{3}{2})).$$

- (a) $2\sqrt{13}/13$
- (b) $-3\sqrt{13}/13$
- (c) $-2\sqrt{13}/13$
- (d) $\sqrt{13}/13$
- (e) -3/13
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided

- 10. Find the value of the expression $\cot(\cos^{-1}(12/13))$.
 - (a) 9/5
 - (b) 2
 - (c) 1
 - (d) 12/5
 - (e) 11/5
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 11. Evaluate the following trigonometric expression.

$$\frac{\cos^2(\pi/7) + \sin^2(15\pi/7) - 1}{\sin(\pi/8)\sin(\pi/6) + \cos(\pi/4)}$$

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 0
- (d) 3
- (e) 4
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 12. Find the value of $\sqrt{3}\cos(15^\circ) \sin(15^\circ)$.
 - (a) 1
 - (b) $\sqrt{3}$
 - (c) $\sqrt{2}$
 - (d) $3\sqrt{2}$
 - (e) -1
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided

13. Find the value of

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(40^{\circ})} + \sqrt{1 + \cos(20^{\circ})}}{\cos(115^{\circ})\cos(25^{\circ})}.$$

- (a) $-2\sqrt{6}$
- (b) 2
- (c) $\sqrt{6}$
- (d) $-\sqrt{6}$
- (e) 0
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 14. Evaluate $\cos\left(8^{\circ}\right)\sin\left(38^{\circ}\right) \cos\left(82^{\circ}\right)\sin\left(52^{\circ}\right)$.
 - (a) -1/2
 - (b) $\sqrt{2}/2$
 - (c) $\sqrt{3}/2$
 - (d) 1/2
 - (e) $-\sqrt{3}/2$
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 15. Given $x + y + z = 90^{\circ}$. Find $\cos(x)\cos(y) \sin(x)\sin(y)$.
 - (a) $-\sin(z)$
 - (b) $\cos(z)$
 - (c) $\sin(z)$
 - (d) $-\cos(z)$
 - (e) $\tan(z)$
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided

- 16. What is the largest possible value of $3\sin(x) + 4\cos(x)$?
 - (a) 5
 - (b) 7
 - (c) 6
 - (d) 8
 - (e) 9
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 17. The parabola $y = px^2 + x 2$ has a vertex on the x-axis. Find p.
 - (a) -1/16
 - (b) 0
 - (c) 1
 - (d) -1/8
 - (e) 1/2
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 18. Find the exact value of

$$\cos\left[\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{12}\right)\right].$$

- (a) -119/169
- (b) $5\sqrt{13}/169$
- (c) 50/169
- (d) $-5\sqrt{13}/169$
- (e) 119/169
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided

19. If

$$\frac{-3}{\sin(x)} = \frac{4}{\cos(x)}$$

and $0 < x < \pi$, find the exact value of $\cos(x) - \tan(x)$.

- (a) 1/20
- (b) -1/20
- (c) 9/20
- (d) 23/20
- (e) -3/20
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 20. Find the number of solutions of the equation $\cos^2(x) 8\sin(x) 8 = 0$ on $0 < x < 2\pi$.
 - (a) 1
 - (b) 2
 - (c) 3
 - (d) 4
 - (e) 5
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 21. Simplify the following expression

$$\frac{(\tan(x)+1)(\tan(x)+1)-\sec^2(x)}{\tan(x)}$$

- (a) $2\sin(x)$
- (b) 1
- (c) 2
- (d) tan(x)
- (e) -1
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided

22. Simplify

$$2 + \frac{1}{\cos^2(x)} - \tan^2(x)$$

- (a) 3
- (b) $2\sin(x)$
- (c) $2\cos(x)$
- (d) 2/5
- (e) 1
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 23. Which of the following is the period (in radians) of the function

$$f(x) = 3\cot^4(2x - 15^\circ) + 1?$$

- (a) $\pi/2$
- (b) $3\pi/2$
- (c) π
- (d) $15\pi/2$
- (e) 6π
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 24. Consider the equation

$$\frac{\cot(x) + \frac{\cos^3(x) + \sin^2(x)\cos^3(x)}{1 - \sin^4(x)} - \cos(x)}{\sin(x)} = 0.$$

Find the number of the solutions of the equation.

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 4
- (e) 0
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided

- 25. Consider $\triangle ABC$ with $\angle CBA=135^\circ,\ |BC|=2\sqrt{2}\ in,\ |AB|=3\ in.$ Find the area of the triangle.
 - (a) $3in^2$
 - (b) $9 in^2$
 - (c) $6in^2$
 - (d) $2in^2$
 - (e) $12 in^2$
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 26. Consider $\triangle ABC$ with $\angle A = 75^{\circ}$, $\angle B = 60^{\circ}$ and |AC| = 8 in. Find |AB|.
 - (a) $4\sqrt{6}/3 in$
 - (b) $8\sqrt{3}/6 in$
 - (c) $\sqrt{6}$ in
 - (d) $8in^2$
 - (e) $8\sqrt{6}/3 in$
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 27. Consider $\triangle ABC$ with $\angle B = \angle C + 90^{\circ}$, |AC| = 4 in and |AB| = 3 in. What is $\cot(C)$?
 - (a) 4/3
 - (b) 5/3
 - (c) 1
 - (d) 2
 - (e) 5
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided

- 28. Find the smallest solution for the equation $\sin\left(2x \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \sin(x) = 0$ on $[0, 2\pi)$.
 - (a) $\pi/9$
 - (b) 0
 - (c) $\pi/8$
 - (d) $\pi/6$
 - (e) $2\pi/9$
 - (f) $8/\pi$
 - (g) none of the other answer choices provided
- 29. $x = \ln(2)$ and $y = \ln(3)$. What is $\log_6(12)$ in terms of x and y?
 - (a) x/(2y)
 - (b) (2+y)/y
 - (c) (2x+y)/(x+y)
 - (d) 2x/y
 - (e) (x+2)/(2y)
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 30. Find the radius of the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 12x 14y + 84 = 0$.
 - (a) 6
 - (b) 3
 - (c) 1
 - (d) 8
 - (e) 5
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided

- 31. A rectangular board has perimeter of 72 ft and an area of $288 ft^2$. Find the width of the rectangle.
 - (a) 24 ft
 - (b) $10 \, ft$
 - (c) 12 ft
 - (d) 14 ft
 - (e) 11 ft
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 32. If $\vec{a} = \vec{i} + 2\vec{j}$ and $\vec{b} = 3\vec{i} + 3\vec{j}$, what is the magnitude of the vector

$$\frac{1}{3}\vec{b} - \vec{a}?$$

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 8
- (e) 5
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 33. Find the number of points where the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 100$ and the parabola $x^2 + 2y = 1$ intersect.
 - (a) 0
 - (b) 3
 - (c) 1
 - (d) 2
 - (e) 6
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided.

- 34. The graph of the equation y = -|x| 6 is symmetric with respect to
 - (a) the x-axis
 - (b) the y-axis
 - (c) the origin
 - (d) the x-axis and the y-axis
 - (e) the x-axis and the origin
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided.
- 35. If

$$ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d = (x^2 - 1)(mx + n) + 3x + 4,$$

what is b + d?

- (a) 4
- (b) 1
- (c) 2
- (d) 5
- (e) 3
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided.
- 36. How many solutions does $4\cos^2(\theta) 3 = 0$ have on $0 \le \theta < 2\pi$?
 - (a) 3
 - (b) 2
 - (c) 0
 - (d) 4
 - (e) 1
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided

- 37. Identify the graph of the equation $4x^2 4xy + 5y^2 20 = 0$.
 - (a) ellipse
 - (b) parabola
 - (c) hyperbola
 - (d) circle
 - (e) line
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 38. Identify the type of conic given by

$$4x^2 + 8xy + 4y^2 - 2x - 5y - 2 = 0.$$

- (a) parabola
- (b) ellipse
- (c) hyperbola
- (d) circle
- (e) line
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 39. Find the x-coordinate of the center of the circle $x^2 + y^2 6x + 14y + 33 = 0$.
 - (a) -7
 - (b) 5
 - (c) -3
 - (d) 3
 - (e) 1
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided

- 40. Find the y-coordinate of the vertex of the parabola $f(x) = 2(x-4)^2 5$.
 - (a) -5
 - (b) 5
 - (c) 4
 - (d) 2
 - (e) 1
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 41. Find the radius of the circle

$$(x+3)^2 + \left(y - \frac{1}{3}\right)^2 = 11.$$

- (a) 11
- (b) 121
- (c) $\sqrt{121}$
- (d) 12
- (e) $\sqrt{11}$
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 42. If

$$\frac{\tan(4x) - \tan(3x)}{1 + \tan(4x)\tan(3x)} = \frac{1}{2},$$

what is the value of tan(2x)?

- (a) 4/3
- (b) 3/4
- (c) -3/4
- (d) -1
- (e) 1
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided

- 43. Which of the following is **not** a solution of the equation $\tan(2\theta) + 2\cos(\theta) = 0$ on the interval $0 \le \theta < 2\pi$?
 - (a) $\pi/2$
 - (b) $7\pi/6$
 - (c) $\pi/6$
 - (d) $3\pi/2$
 - (e) 3
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 44. The vector $\vec{v} = 4\vec{i} 4\vec{j}$. Find the direction angle of \vec{v} .
 - (a) 215°
 - (b) 45°
 - (c) 60°
 - (d) 30°
 - (e) 315°
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided
- 45. Find the solution set of the equation $\tan^{-1}(x^2 + x 12) = -\pi$.
 - (a) $\{-4, 3\}$
 - (b) $\{-5, 6\}$
 - (c) $\{-5, 3, 6\}$
 - (d) $\{-5, 2, 6\}$
 - (e) $\{-5, 3, 6\}$
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided.

- 46. Find the solution of the equation $\tan^{-1}(2x+1) = \cot^{-1}(5)$.
 - (a) -1/5
 - (b) -1/8
 - (c) 1/5
 - (d) -2/5
 - (e) 2/5
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided.
- 47. One of the vertical asymptotes of

$$y = \frac{2x^2}{2x^2 - x - 3}$$

is

- (a) x = 1
- (b) x = -1
- (c) x = -3/2
- (d) x = 3
- (e) x = 4
- (f) x = 2/3
- (g) none of the other answer choices provided.
- 48. $y = 6x^4 + 7|x|$ is
 - (a) an even function
 - (b) an odd function
 - (c) neither an odd nor an even function
 - (d) a trigonometric function
 - (e) a polynomial function
 - (f) a linear function
 - (g) none of the other answer choices provided.

- 49. Simplify $\sin(x+2\pi)\cot(x+\pi)$.
 - (a) $\sin(x)$
 - (b) $\cot(x)$
 - (c) $\cos(x)$
 - (d) tan(x)
 - (e) $\cos(2x)$
 - (f) none of the other answer choices provided.

50. Simplify

$$\frac{\cos^2(a) - \cos^2(b)}{\sin(a+b)\sin(a-b)}.$$

- (a) -1
- (b) tan(a)
- (c) tan(2a)
- (d) 1
- (e) tan(3a)
- (f) none of the other answer choices provided.