## 2025 UH MATHEMATICS CONTEST NUMBER SENSE EXAM

**Directions:** Read the instructions carefully before you begin this exam. You will have 20 minutes to complete this exam. Solve accurately as many problems as you can in the order in which they appear and enter your answers using the panel on your screen. ALL PROBLEMS ARE TO BE SOLVED MENTALLY. Make NO calculations on paper. Enter the answer correctly for each question. You cannot erase anything once the numbers are entered. Five points will be awarded for correct answers and four points will be deducted for each problem not solved correctly and for each problem skipped. No deduction is taken for problems after the last problem attempted. All answers should be either (simplified) fractions, or decimals, or just integers. Mixed numbers are NOT allowed. Answers should be written in the most efficient form possible. Problems marked with a (\*) require approximate integral answers; any answer to a starred problem that is within five percent of the exact answer will be scored correct; all other problems require exact answers.

(1)	$1492 + 1865 = \_$	(21)	$1\frac{1}{4}\% = $ (fraction)
(2)	$2002 \times 17 + 6 = $	(22)	$3 + 9 + 15 + 21 + \ldots + 33 = $
(3)	$1 + 2 \times (5 - 20) \div 15 =$	(23)	$\frac{3}{8} + .431 = $ (decimal)
(4) (5)	$2025 \div 5 =$ (decimal)	(24)	The sum of the prime factors of 42 is
(6)	MMLIX – LIII = (Arabic Numeral)	(25)	If 1 gram = $.04$ oz, then $4.8$ oz = grams
(7)	23 × 14 =	(26)	11% of 24 plus 24% of 11 is (fraction)
(8)	$2! - 3 \times 4 + 5 \div 6 =$ (fraction)	(27)	The sum of what number and 15 gives the same result as the positive difference between that number and 33?
(9)	Which is larger: $\frac{7}{11}$ or .636?	*(28)	231 gallons = cu. inches
(10)	3.2 ÷ .8 =	(29)	The total number of 1-element subsets and 6-element
(11)	322327 $\div9$ has a remainder of		subsets of the set $\{h, o, u, s, t, o, n\}$ is
(12)	$75^2 = $	(30)	How far can you travel at $33\frac{1}{3}$ mph for 360 minutes? (miles)
(13)	$\frac{4}{5} =\%$	(31)	105 hase ten is equivalent to hase 5
*(14)	$399 \times 121 + 21 =$	(32)	m + (m + 1) + (m + 2) + (m + 3) + (m + 4) = 50  then  m + 5 = 50
(15)	$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{9} - \frac{2}{27} =$	(32) (33)	$x + (x + 1) + (x + 2) + (x + 3) + (x + 4) = 50, \text{ then } x + 5 = 99 \times .232323 \dots = \_$
(16)	$1 \text{ gallon} - 1 \text{ quart} - 1 \text{ cup} = \_\_\_\_ ounces$	(34)	If $A = -4$ , $B = -3$ , and $C = 2$ , then $AB^{C} =$
(17)	The sum of the positive integral divisors of 48 is	(35)	The 3rd hexagonal number is
(18)	The GCD of 27 and 36 is	(36)	Find the simple interest on \$1500 at 4% for 18 months.
(19)	The mean of 18 and 26 is		\$
(20)	The number of prime numbers greater than 50 and less than 70 is	(37)	Two numbers have a sum of 21, a product of 98, and a positive difference of

- (38)  $4\frac{1}{4} \times 8\frac{1}{4} =$ \_\_\_\_\_\_ (decimal)
- (39) The cube root of (-343) is \_\_\_\_\_\_
- (40) If  $(3x+2)^2 = ax^2 + bx + c$ , then a c =\_\_\_\_\_
- (41)  $[\{p, l, u, s\} \cap \{m, i, n, u, s\}] \cup \{t, i, m, e, s\}$  contains how many elements \_\_\_\_\_
- $(42) \sqrt{291} + \sqrt{359} + \sqrt{440} =$ \_\_\_\_\_
- (43) A CD sells for \$20 plus 8.25% sales tax. The total cost of the CD is \$
- (44)  $\frac{x-8}{x+9} + \frac{x+9}{x-8} = A\frac{B}{C}$ , a simplified mixed number. Find B.
- (45) The sum of three consecutive odd integers is 105. Find the largest integer.
- (46) One dozen peaches cost \$12.84, therefore 4 peaches would cost \$ \_\_\_\_\_
- (47) The units digit of  $27^{37}$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (48) Given  $2, 1, 3, 4, 7, x, y, 29, \ldots$  then xy =\_\_\_\_\_
- (49) A right triangle with a height of 12 cm. and an area of 30 sq. cm. hsa a base of \_\_\_\_\_ cm
- (50) The smaller root of  $(2x 3)^2 = 16$  is \_\_\_\_\_ (fraction)
- (51)  $4^{-2} + 4^{-3} =$  (decimal)
- (52) If  $18^2 15^2 = 11k$ , find k = \_\_\_\_\_
- (53) If x > 0 and  $2x^2 = \sqrt{4x^3}$  then x = \_\_\_\_\_\_
- (54) If 3x + 2y = 7 and 4x 2y = 1, then  $x = \_$  (fraction)
- (55) The product of the roots of  $5x^2 + 4x 3 = 0$  is (fraction)
- \*(56)  $444 \times 33\frac{1}{3} \div 0.444 \dots =$
- (57) 12% of  $566\frac{2}{3} =$ \_\_\_\_\_
- (58)  $3\frac{3}{8} \div 2\frac{1}{4} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (decimal)
- (59) If  $5^{(x-1)} = 17.3$ , then  $5^x =$ \_\_\_\_\_ (decimal)
- (60) The x-intercept of the line 3x 4y = 5 is (h, k). Find h. \_\_\_\_\_\_ (fraction)
- (61) If x + y = 3 and xy = 2, then  $x^3 + y^3 =$ \_\_\_\_\_
- (62)  $234_6 \times 5_6 =$ \_\_\_\_\_\_6
- (63) The sum of the roots of  $x^2 6x + 9 = 0$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (64)  $104 \times 103 = -$

- (65) Set A has 13 elements, set B has 16 elements.  $A \cup B$  has 22 elements.  $A \cap B$  has \_\_\_\_\_\_ elements.
- (66) The number of elements in the Cartesian product of  $A = \{T, M, S, C, A\}$  and  $B = \{U, I, L\}$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_
- (67) 25% of 32 75% of 64 is \_\_\_\_\_
- (68)  $242 \div .181818... =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (69) If  $4^x = .0625$ , then x =\_\_\_\_\_
- \*(70) The circumference of  $x^2 + y^2 = 961$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (71) If  $\log_4(3x+2) = 1$ , then x =\_\_\_\_\_(fraction)
- (72) Find the simplified coefficient of the sixth term in the expansion of  $(2x-1)^6$ .
- (73) The integral sides of a triangle are 11, 14, and x. The largest value of x is \_\_\_\_\_\_
- (74) A team won  $83\frac{1}{3}\%$  of its 36 games. How many games did the team lost?
- (75) The largest value of x such that  $|3x-4| \le 7$  is (fraction)
- (76) If  $44_b = 36$  then  $55_b =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (77) The coefficient of the third term of the expansion of  $(x+3y)^5$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (78) If  $4^{(x-1)} = 8^{(3x+2)}$ , then x =\_\_\_\_\_(fraction)
- (79) The line containing the points (4,7) and (3,6) has a *y*-intercepts of (x, y). y =\_\_\_\_\_
- (80) The vertex of the parabola  $x^2 8x + 15$  is (h, k) and h + k =
- (81)  ${}_{5}C_{2} + {}_{5}P_{2} =$ \_\_\_\_\_
- (82) The probability of winning is 76%. The odds of winning is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (fraction)
- (83) How many distinct diagonals can be drawn inside an undecagon?
- \*(84) 388 miles per hour = \_\_\_\_\_ feet per second
- (85) The first four digits of the decimal for  $\frac{71}{330}$  is 0.
- (86) Let g(x) = 4x + 2, find g(g(5)).
- (87) The remainder of  $(4x^2 + 2x 1) \div (x 3)$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (88) If  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x 1$ , then  $f[f^{-1}(4)] =$ \_\_\_\_\_
- $(89) \left(\tan\frac{4\pi}{3}\right)^2 = -$
- (90) The sum of the first twelve terms of the Fibonacci sequence 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, ... is \_\_\_\_\_
- (91) How many 2-element subsets does a 6-element set have?